



Friendly - Accountable - Leaders - Cooperative - Organized - Nurturing - Successful

Learning Opportunities for Grade 7 May 11th – 15th, 2020

Do your best to work on these learning opportunities for 2 hours each day. Focus on life skills, physical activity, mental well-being, and social connections as well. Stay healthy, stay safe!

EVERY DAY:

30 minutes of reading

30 minutes of physical activity (See the Physical Activity Calendar for ideas!)

ELA/FILA

ELA This Week: 😊 Read the 2 Texts 😊 Reading Response Questions 😊 Book Response Activity 😊 Write a Procedure

Read the following non-fiction articles and answer the questions that follow.

Teens Can Dress for Success

By Brenda B. Covert

1 You just heard about a job that you know you would enjoy! Visions of dollar signs dance in your head. You already know how you would spend your first paycheck! You work up the courage to apply for the job. In the process, does what you choose to wear matter?

2 You may not like this answer, but yes, clothing matters. It's not enough simply to wear some; what you choose to wear also needs to be appropriate for the line of work that interests you. First impressions matter. You have probably judged other teens by their clothing. You will be judged by your clothing as well. If you wear flashy, revealing, or "alternative" styles of clothing, the interviewer is going to make assumptions about you. Your style may send a message that you won't get along with the other employees. Your interview may be brief, and you may go home with no hope of a call-back.

3 If you know how to dress for success, you will make a good impression. You may not always get the job, but your chances are better if you dress properly for the interview. It is never a bad idea to strive to make a good first impression.

4 How you dress will depend on the type of job for which you apply. For an office or sales job, you should try to look professional. For teen guys, that may mean wearing a suit and tie with dress shoes - not sneakers. For teen girls, that would mean wearing a dress or suit and closed-toe dress shoes (no sandals) with pantyhose. Avoid bright, eye-popping colors and turn to more understated tones. Shades of black, brown, gray, white, and maroon are good. Jeans would make a poor choice, as would clothing that reveals any tattoos.

5 It is more likely that you should opt for a "business casual" style if you are interviewing for a job in the fast food or

restaurant industry, in factory work, or even in landscaping or other outdoor work. For you guys, that means khaki pants and a polo or button-down shirt in a solid color. Baggy clothing is not acceptable. Also, the interviewer doesn't want to know whether you are wearing tighty-whiteys or boxers and what color those items are; trust me. Belts work nicely at holding your pants up, so make good use of one!

6 Girls, you can opt for a skirt and blouse combo as long as your skirt at the least reaches the top of your knees. No mini skirts allowed! Avoid thigh-revealing slits as well. Go light on the makeup and the perfume. Always wear the appropriate undergarments. Remember, you are looking for a job, not a date. If you appear to be in the market for romance, you will get neither the job nor the date.

7 Even the smallest details matter when you attempt to dress for success. Both you and your clothing should be clean and fresh. Your hair should be clean and tidy. Your fingernails should be trimmed and buffed with no crud under them. Your mouth should be free of gum, candy, pencils, and tongue jewelry. Your teeth should be as clean as you can get them.

8 Yes, it takes a lot of effort to dress for success. It is worth it; not only will you impress the interviewer with your appearance, you will also feel more confident knowing that you are at your best!

Teens can Dress for Success

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|---|---|
| 1. The term "dress for success" means: <input type="radio"/> A Trying to look like you already have a job <input type="radio"/> B Looking like a millionaire <input type="radio"/> C Making a good first impression <input type="radio"/> D Going on a job hunt | 2. Which one of these is right for a job interview? <input type="radio"/> A Suit <input type="radio"/> B Baggy jeans <input type="radio"/> C Sandals <input type="radio"/> D Clingy top |
| 3. For which of these jobs would a prom outfit be appropriate? <input type="radio"/> A None <input type="radio"/> B Model <input type="radio"/> C Restaurant host or hostess <input type="radio"/> D Salesperson | 4. What color pants was suggested for teen guys? <input type="radio"/> A Black <input type="radio"/> B Gray <input type="radio"/> C Khaki <input type="radio"/> D Blue |
| 5. Which of these items was not suggested for teen girls? <input type="radio"/> A Closed-toe shoes <input type="radio"/> B Pantyhose <input type="radio"/> C Slacks <input type="radio"/> D Skirt | 6. Which one of these is appropriate for both guys and girls? <input type="radio"/> A Jeans <input type="radio"/> B Clean sneakers <input type="radio"/> C Clean, trimmed fingernails <input type="radio"/> D The Goth look |
| 7. Which accessory helps guys keep their underwear out of sight? <input type="radio"/> A Belt <input type="radio"/> B Handkerchief <input type="radio"/> C Tie <input type="radio"/> D Polo shirt | 8. A teenager hoping to work at McDonald's should wear _____ to the interview. <input type="radio"/> A The uniform <input type="radio"/> B Business casual <input type="radio"/> C Professional <input type="radio"/> D Big red shoes |

The High Cost of Transportation

By Beth Beutler

1 "Now THAT'S a sweet car," I said to my buddy, Darren. Even Darren's sister, Melody, agreed. "It's beautiful," she said. (For a 10 year old girl, she had a good eye for cars!) Since my dad and I were going to shop for a car the following week, I wanted to have some ideas. Darren had to watch his sister, so she came along while Darren and I stopped at various used car lots.

2 "It is a beauty," Darren added.

3 We took a closer look at the 2002 Wildfire. It was black with a T-top roof. It had air conditioning, standard shift, and a multi-changer CD player. It was everything I wanted in my first car. And it was also about fifteen thousand dollars.

4 "Wow, that's a lot," Melody said.

5 "That's a little out of your price range, isn't it?" Darren asked me.

6 "I don't think so. My Dad knows I love sports cars. He loves them too. He was just telling me about his first car the other day. His Dad bought him a sporty, red convertible."

7 Darren didn't look convinced. "Okay," he said. "Just be prepared. If he's anything like my dad, you'll be driving something like that." Darren pointed to an old diesel 2-door. It was white with dents on both sides. Melody giggled.

8 "He's right," she said. "That's why I'm already saving up for mine!"

9 "Yuck," I said. "Dad wouldn't let me be seen cruising around in something like THAT!"

10 Darren laughed. "We'll see." he said. "As for me, I think I will buy a junker at first. I don't want to use up too much of my college money."

11 I shot Darren a questioning look. "Just take out a loan," I said. "You have a job."

12 "No thanks," Darren replied. "I'm avoiding debt at all costs."

13 "Suit yourself," I said. I thought he was crazy. "Why wait?" I thought to myself. "The interest rates are low, as well as the payments."

14 One month later, I pulled up to Darren's house in my shiny, new car. "Wow," Darren said. "You actually got it."

15 "Yep," I answered with pride. "Dad co-signed the loan, and I'm making the payments through the money I'm earning at the fast food joint."

16 "I own mine," Darren said with a grin as he pointed to the dented white car. I laughed at him.

17 For eleven months, I enjoyed that car. Everyone thought I was cool. Darren just putted around in his diesel. You could hear him coming from a mile away. People always snickered at Darren's car, but he didn't let it bother him. Of course, he didn't show up often when we went out on Friday and Saturday nights. He said he was trying to save money, but I think he may have been embarrassed about the car.

18 The next month, my fast food manager made an announcement. "Folks, I'm sorry to announce we are closing

the store at the end of the week."

19 The end of the week! That would not give me much time to find a new job. I tried for the next month and couldn't land anything that paid as well. I was getting concerned about making my car payment, so I talked to Dad.

20 "Dad, I don't think I can make the payment this month."

21 Dad looked up from his paper. "What do you expect me to do about it?"

22 "I was wondering if you could cover it for me."

23 "Son, my budget is already maxed out. The agreement was that you would make all the payments."

24 "Yes, sir," I replied with a sigh. Couldn't he help me out?

25 Another month went by, and I still didn't find a job. Another payment came due, and my dad came to me. "The bank called me today, wondering where the first payment was. I'm the cosigner, so I didn't have much choice but to pay it. I think we need to talk about selling this car before you get in over your head. I shouldn't have let you take out so large of a loan."

26 After a long talk, I finally admitted Dad was right. We put the car up for sale. Of course, it wasn't worth what we owed on it. I learned quickly that cars come down in value fast.

27 The first week it was in my yard, Darren came by. "How much are you asking for the car?" he inquired. "Eight thousand dollars," I said. Darren pulled out some cash. He began to flip hundreds out while I stood there in shock. "I have seven thousand here. What do you say?"

28 I stared at Darren. "How'd you get that?"

29 "Oh, I've been saving my money from my job. I knew I wanted to move up to a better car, so I started socking it away."

30 I gulped. I really needed to ditch the car. "How about seventy five hundred?"

31 "Seven thousand and I'll throw the diesel in." Darren replied.

32 This was embarrassing, but what else could I do? This would help me get out of debt and still have something to drive. With a sigh, I said, "Okay, I'll take it."

33 Darren handed me the money and keys to his white car, and I handed him the keys to my--I mean his--sports car. "Sorry buddy," Darren said. "It's nothing personal, right?"

34 "Yeah, right," I said, dejected. At least Darren was kind enough not to rub it in.

35 I watched Darren take off down the road. What a hard--but important--lesson I learned.

The High Cost of Transportation

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| <p>1. What kind of car did the writer want to buy to buy? Select the most accurate answer.</p> <p><input type="radio"/> A sports car <input type="radio"/> A truck <input type="radio"/> A car with a sunroof <input type="radio"/> A black car</p> <hr/> <hr/> | <p>2. What was Darren's first comment about the Wildfire car?</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">◦ That it was a sweet car◦ That it was out of his friend's price range◦ That he wanted it◦ That it was fast <p>3. How did the writer expect to pay for his car?</p> <hr/> <hr/> |
| <p>5. Darren did not go to many social events. Select which answer would most closely describe his reason.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">◦ He was a loner.◦ He was embarrassed by the car he drove◦ He wanted to save money◦ All of the above<input checked="" type="radio"/> E None of the above | <p>4. Describe the first car Darren got</p> <hr/> <hr/> |
| <p>7. Did the writer's dad help him pay the loan? If so, for how long?</p> <hr/> <hr/> | <p>6. Why did the writer have trouble paying the loan?</p> <hr/> <hr/> |
| <p>9. How did Darren obtain the sports car?</p> <hr/> <hr/> | <p>8. What did the writer have to do?</p> <hr/> <hr/> |

Book Response Activity

Tic-Tac-Toe Book Activities

Choose three of the activities included in the grid below to complete this week, based on the book you're reading during your daily reading time. Remember they need to be in a row down, diagonal, or row across.

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|--|--|---|
| Create a timeline for the important events in your book and illustrate 3 events. Don't forget important times, dates, and locations. | Make a Venn diagram with 2 interlocking circles and compare the main character in your book with yourself include 10 characteristics. Explain whether or not you and the character would be get along. Why or why not? | Pretend that you are going to join one of the characters in the story for the day. Write a journal entry explaining the day you would have. Illustrate your entry. What things would you do? Why? |
| Write a letter to the author of your book explaining how you fell about the book. Explain which parts are your <u>favourite</u> and least <u>favourite</u> . Ask at least 3 questions you are wondering about. | Pick out 3 personality traits that the main character in the book possesses, such as kind, honest, or helpful. Write a paragraph explaining how the character displays these traits by using examples from the book. | Rewrite the ending to the book or write a sequel by continuing to write where the author left off. |
| Create a new cover for the novel that includes a new cover illustration and summary. Write your own review and give it a rating out of 5. | If your book was turned into a movie and you were the director, who do you think should be cast in the roles for each of the character? Explain which actors you would choose to use in the movie. Why? | Choose an important event in the story and create a comic or a 1 act play that explains the event fully. Consider character thoughts, behaviors, and feelings along within the setting. |

Writing Procedure Activity

Since March 13, you've had the opportunity to brush up on some life skills at home. This week, we're asking you to write a procedure to explain how to do one of the life skills you've been practicing. For example, you could explain how to do a load of laundry, how to clean the bathroom, how to do the dishes, how to host a zoom meeting, how to log in to Microsoft Office 365, how to access books on SORA, how to rake the lawn, how to make a favourite recipe, how to care for a pet, etc...

What is a procedure?

The **purpose** of procedural texts is to give directions that explain to the reader how to do something.

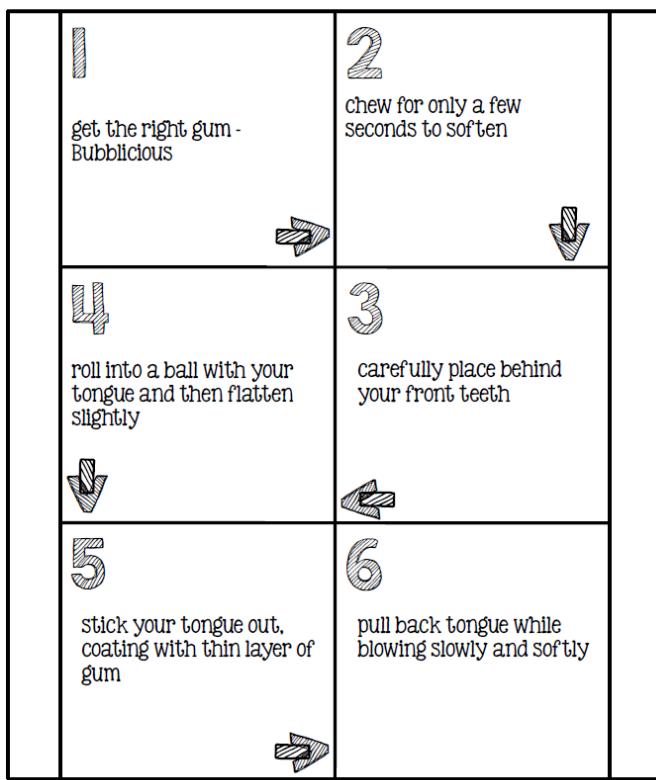
Some **examples** of procedural writing: recipes, instructions for how to do, use, or make something, science experiments, directions for a map, manuals, etc.

Forms of procedural writing: brochures, posters, or guidebooks.

Features of procedural writing: numbered steps (though they can also be written in structured paragraphs), bulleted lists, diagrams, sub-titles/headings, and illustrations/photographs.

Example of a procedure plan:

"How to Blow a Bubble"



Example of a procedure:

How to Make Good and Yummy Macaroni and cheese

IF You are hungry and it's lunchtime
well Get Macaroni and cheese.

Materials a pack OF macaroni; a Pot
OF water, a pack of sauce, a tea SPOON
of butter, a tea SPOON of Salt

Directions

First, Get a pot.

Next put water into a pot.

Next, Put Salt into the pot.

Then, Put the pot on the stove.

Then, put the macaroni in the pot. Wait
until it's coocked.

After that take the pot and Put the
sause in the pot.

Finally Mix everthing altogether.

Enjoy your tasty and awesome macaroni
and cheese. You will not be hungry
anymore.

Sequence Paragraphs (Procedure)

Now it's your turn! You may use this graphic organizer to plan or create your own.

We'd love to read your procedures! You could also create a video of your procedure.

Please email them to your ELA teacher or share them on our school's Facebook page at "Florenceville Middle Home and School."

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FILA This Week: 😊 Read the Text 😊 Reading Response Questions 😊 Watch Video and Answer Questions 😊
Complete Mon Objectif

Article 7e année

Faites la lecture de l'article (appuyer le lien du Site Web, ou trouves-en bas). <https://fr.wikihow.com/se-fixer-des-objectifs>. Assurez-vous de faire la lecture avant et après les mots inconnues afin de mieux comprendre le texte. Lisez les questions de réflexion avant d'entamer votre lecture.

Questions de réflexion - Comment se fixer des buts

1. Que voudrais-tu accomplir dans la prochaine année? Pour quelle raison ces objectifs sont-ils importants pour toi?
2. Quelles sont des actions spécifiques que tu pourrais faire afin d'atteindre l'objectif choisi.
3. Lorsque tu atteindras ton but de quelle façon est-ce que cela affectera ta vie?
4. De quelle façon est-ce que ta vie changerai si tu étais davantage discipliné?

Texte : **Comment se fixer des buts** (<https://fr.wikihow.com/se-fixer-des-objectifs>)

Que vous ayez de petits rêves ou des attentes élevées, vous arriverez à planifier ce que vous voulez faire dans votre vie en vous fixant des objectifs. Il va vous falloir faire des efforts pendant le reste de votre vie pour atteindre certains d'entre eux, tandis que vous pouvez arriver à en accomplir certains en une seule journée. Que vous vous fixiez des objectifs courageux ou des objectifs spécifiques que vous pouvez gérer, vous obtiendrez une sensation du travail bien fait et une estime de vous relevée. Il peut sembler intimidant de vous lancer, mais vous allez voir que vous pouvez réaliser même vos rêves les plus ambitieux.

Méthode 1 - Se fixer des objectifs atteignables

1. 1 Déterminez quels sont vos objectifs de vie. Posez-vous quelques questions importantes pour savoir ce que vous voulez faire de votre vie. Que voulez-vous accomplir aujourd'hui, dans un an, dans votre vie ? Les réponses à ces questions peuvent être aussi générales que « je veux être heureux » ou « je veux aider les autres ». Pensez à ce que vous voulez accomplir dans 10, 15 ou 20 ans.

- Un objectif de carrière dans votre vie pourrait être d'ouvrir votre propre commerce. Un objectif sportif pourrait être d'être en meilleure forme physique.
- Un objectif personnel pourrait être de fonder une famille un jour. Les objectifs que vous vous fixez peuvent être incroyablement variés.

2. 2 Décomposez votre objectif en objectifs plus petits et plus faciles à atteindre. Pensez à des domaines de votre vie que vous voulez changer ou que vous voudriez développer avec le temps. Vous pourriez par exemple envisager certains domaines comme votre carrière, vos finances, votre éducation ou votre santé. Commencez par vous poser des questions concernant ce que vous voudriez accomplir dans chaque domaine et la façon dont vous voudriez aborder ce domaine dans les cinq prochaines années .

- Si vous voulez vous fixer comme objectif d'être en meilleure forme physique, vous pourriez le décomposer en objectifs plus petits : « manger plus sainement » et « courir un marathon ».
- Si vous voulez vous fixer comme objectif d'ouvrir votre propre commerce, vos objectifs plus petits pourraient être « je veux apprendre à gérer mon commerce de manière efficace » et « je veux ouvrir une librairie indépendante ».

3. 3 Écrivez vos objectifs sur le court terme. Maintenant que vous savez plus ou moins ce que vous voulez accomplir dans les prochaines années, posez-vous des objectifs concrets sur lesquels vous pouvez commencer à travailler dès maintenant. Fixez-vous une date butoir sur une période raisonnable (pas plus d'un an pour les objectifs sur le court terme).

- Pour être en meilleure forme physique, votre premier objectif pourrait être de manger plus de légumes et de courir 5 km.
- Pour ouvrir votre propre commerce, votre premier objectif pourrait être de suivre des cours de comptabilité et de trouver l'emplacement idéal pour votre librairie.

4. 4 Préparez les étapes nécessaires pour atteindre vos objectifs. En gros, vous devez décider de la raison qui vous amène à vous fixer ces objectifs et de ce que vous allez en retirer. Voici quelques bonnes questions à vous poser pour vous aider à trouver la réponse : « est-ce le bon moment pour cela ? » ainsi que « cela correspond-il bien à mes besoins ?

- Par exemple, si vous avez un objectif sportif sur le court terme qui consiste à vous entraîner à un nouveau sport pendant 6 mois, demandez-vous si cela vous aide vraiment à atteindre votre objectif plus grand qui est de courir un marathon. Si ce n'est pas le cas, envisagez de changer d'objectif sur le court terme pour trouver quelque chose qui vous aidera à atteindre votre objectif supérieur.

5. 5 Ajustez régulièrement vos objectifs. Vous pourriez avoir une idée arrêtée de vos objectifs de vie, mais vous devez prendre le temps de réévaluer vos objectifs plus petits. Respectez-vous la durée que vous vous êtes fixée pour les accomplir ? Vous aident-ils toujours à rester sur le chemin qui mène à vos objectifs supérieurs ? Laissez-vous un peu de flexibilité pour ajuster vos objectifs.

- Pour être en meilleure forme physique, vous vous êtes peut-être mis à courir sur 5 km. Une fois que vous avez couru cette distance plusieurs fois en améliorant à chaque fois votre record personnel, vous pourriez ajuster la distance à 10 km. Éventuellement, vous pourriez arriver à courir un semi-marathon avant de courir un marathon.
- Pour ouvrir votre propre commerce, après avoir réussi les premiers objectifs en suivant des cours de comptabilité et en trouvant le lieu adéquat, vous pourriez vous fixer de nouveaux objectifs, par exemple de faire une demande de crédit pour acheter le lieu que vous avez trouvé ou faire une demande d'autorisation pour votre type de commerce. Ensuite, vous pouvez acheter les locaux, puis obtenir les livres dont vous avez besoin, engager le personnel nécessaire et ouvrir votre commerce. Si cela marche bien, vous allez peut-être devoir répéter ces étapes pour ouvrir un deuxième magasin!

Méthode 2 - Employer des stratégies efficaces

1. 1 Faites que vos objectifs soient spécifiques. Lorsque vous vous fixez des objectifs, ils doivent répondre à des questions très spécifiques de « qui », « quoi », « où » « quand » et « comment ». Pour chaque objectif que vous vous fixez, vous devez vous demander pourquoi c'est un objectif et comment il peut vous aider à atteindre vos objectifs de vie.

- Pour être en meilleure forme physique (ce qui est très général), vous avez créé un objectif plus spécifique de « courir un marathon », qui débute avec l'objectif sur le court terme « courir 5 km ». Lorsque vous mettez en place chaque objectif sur le court terme, par exemple courir 5 km, vous pouvez vous poser les questions suivantes : « qui ? » Moi. « Quoi ? » Courir 5 km. « Où ? » Dans le parc à côté de la maison. « Quand ? » Dans 6 semaines. « Pourquoi ? » Pour atteindre mon objectif de courir un marathon.
- Pour ouvrir votre propre commerce, vous avez créé un objectif sur le court terme « suivre des cours de comptabilité ». Cela peut répondre aux questions suivantes : « qui ? » Moi. « Quoi ? » Suivre des cours de comptabilité. « Où ? » À la bibliothèque. « Quand ? » Tous les samedis pendant 5 semaines. « Pourquoi ? » Pour apprendre à gérer le budget de mon commerce.

2. 2 Créez des objectifs quantifiables. Pour pouvoir suivre vos progrès, vous devez vous fixer des objectifs quantifiables. Il est beaucoup plus difficile de quantifier « je vais courir plus » que « je vais courir 5 km ». En gros, vous devez vous donner les moyens de déterminer si vous avez atteint votre objectif.

- « Courir 5 km » est un objectif mesurable. Vous pouvez être sûr de l'avoir fait ou non. Vous avez peut-être besoin de vous fixer un objectif sur un terme plus court, par exemple « courir 3 km 3 fois par semaine » pour arriver à votre objectif de 5 km. Une fois que vous êtes arrivé à courir 5 km une fois, vous pouvez vous fixer un autre objectif quantifiable, par exemple « courir de nouveau 5 km, mais faire baisser le chronomètre de 4 minutes ».

- De la même façon, « suivre des cours de comptabilité » est un objectif quantifiable, car c'est un cours auquel vous devrez vous inscrire et participer plusieurs fois par semaine. « Apprendre la comptabilité » est un objectif moins mesurable, il est trop vague, car il est difficile de savoir à quel moment vous avez fini d'apprendre la comptabilité.

3. 3 Restez réaliste en ce qui concerne vos objectifs. Il est important d'évaluer votre situation honnêtement et de reconnaître quels sont les objectifs réalistes et les objectifs qui ne le sont pas. Demandez-vous si vous avez tout ce qu'il vous faut pour accomplir votre objectif (les compétences, les ressources, le temps et les connaissances).

- Pour être en meilleure forme physique et courir un marathon, vous allez devoir passer du temps à courir. Si vous n'avez pas suffisamment de temps ou d'intérêt pour y consacrer plusieurs heures par semaine, cet objectif pourrait ne pas fonctionner pour vous. Si vous vous retrouvez dans ce cas-là, vous pouvez ajuster vos objectifs. Il existe d'autres façons d'être en meilleure forme physique qui n'impliquent pas un nombre d'heures élevé à courir.
- Si vous voulez ouvrir votre propre librairie, mais si vous n'avez pas d'expérience dans la gestion d'un commerce, si vous n'avez pas de capital à investir pour ouvrir votre commerce, si vous n'avez aucune idée de la façon dont fonctionnent les librairies, si vous n'aimez pas lecture, il y a peu de chances que vous arriviez à atteindre vos objectifs.

4. 4 Fixez-vous des priorités. À tout moment, vous devez avoir différents objectifs qui se trouvent à différents stades d'accomplissement. Il est crucial de décider quels sont les objectifs qui sont plus importants ou qui demandent plus de temps que les autres. Si vous vous retrouvez avec trop d'objectifs à gérer, vous allez vous sentir accablé et vous aurez moins de chances de les accomplir.

- Il pourrait être utile de choisir vos objectifs prioritaires. Cela vous aidera à vous reconcentrer lorsqu'apparaîtra un conflit d'objectifs. Si vous avez le choix entre terminer un ou deux objectifs mineurs ou un objectif majeur, vous savez que vous devez accomplir l'objectif majeur.
- Si vous faites des efforts pour être en meilleure forme physique et si vous vous êtes fixé des objectifs plus petits comme « manger plus sainement », « courir 5 km » et « nager 1 km, 3 fois par semaine », vous pourriez vous rendre compte que vous n'avez pas suffisamment d'énergie pour faire toutes ces choses en même temps. Vous pouvez établir des priorités. Si vous voulez courir un marathon, il peut paraître plus important de courir 5 km plutôt que de nager toutes les semaines. Vous pourriez continuer de manger plus sainement, car en plus de vous aider à courir plus vite, c'est bon pour votre santé.
- Si vous voulez ouvrir une librairie, vous allez peut-être avoir besoin d'une licence et vous devez vous assurer que vous pouvez obtenir un crédit professionnel (si vous en avez besoin) avant de choisir le type de livres que vous voulez vendre.

5. 5 Suivez l'évolution de vos progrès. Vous pourriez arriver à mieux suivre vos progrès personnels et professionnels en tenant un journal. Vous arriverez à rester motivé en vérifiant où vous en êtes et les progrès que vous avez faits. Cela pourrait même vous encourager à travailler plus.

- Demandez à un ami de vous aider à rester concentré. Par exemple, si vous vous entraînez pour une grande course, vous pourriez arriver à mieux suivre vos progrès en ayant un ami avec qui vous pouvez vous entraîner régulièrement.
- Si vous entraînez pour courir un marathon, tenez un journal dans lequel vous écrivez vos records de vitesse et de distance ainsi que ce que vous avez ressenti. Au fur et à mesure que vous vous améliorez, vous pourrez trouver l'assurance nécessaire pour vous stimuler en feuilletant votre journal en arrière pour voir vos résultats des débuts.
- Il pourrait être difficile de suivre vos progrès si vous voulez ouvrir un commerce, mais vous pourriez suivre le travail que vous avez déjà accompli en notant vos objectifs majeurs et mineurs et en les cochant chaque fois que vous en complétez un.

6. 6 Évaluez vos objectifs. Sachez reconnaître les moments où vous avez atteint vos objectifs et célèbrez-le comme il se doit. Prenez le temps d'évaluer l'avancée de l'accomplissement de vos objectifs, du début à la fin. Demandez-vous si vous êtes heureux avec le temps que cela vous a pris, avec vos compétences ou si l'objectif est vraiment raisonnable.

- Par exemple, une fois que vous avez couru pour la première fois 5 km, sachez reconnaître cet accomplissement, même si c'en est un plus petit comparé à votre objectif majeur qui est de courir un marathon.
- Bien sûr, lorsque vous ouvrirez les portes de votre librairie et que vous ferez votre première vente à un client, vous célébrerez cet évènement en vous souvenant de tous les efforts que vous avez faits pour y arriver.

7. 7 Continuez de vous fixer des objectifs. Une fois que vous avez accompli certains de vos objectifs, même des objectifs majeurs, vous devez continuer d'évoluer et de vous fixer pour vous-même de nouveaux objectifs.

- Une fois que vous avez couru un marathon, vous devez réfléchir à ce que vous voulez faire ensuite. Voulez-vous courir un autre marathon, mais améliorer votre temps ? Voulez-vous vous diversifier et essayer de courir un triathlon ? Voulez-vous retourner courir des distances plus courtes de 5 ou 10 km ?
- Si vous avez ouvert votre librairie indépendante, voudriez-vous organiser des évènements locaux, par exemple des clubs de lecture ou des cours de littérature ? Voulez-vous gagner plus d'argent ? Voudriez-vous ouvrir d'autres librairies et étendre vos activités en installant un café dans votre librairie ou à côté ?

Conseils

Il existe de nombreuses façons de se fixer des objectifs et de les atteindre, par exemple la méthode SMART, que vous pourrez trouver en faisant des recherches sur Internet.

Video & Questions

Vidéo : *Le pouvoir de s'autodiscipline*, <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=hiWluLMu67k>

Regardez la vidéo ci-dessous ensuite répondez aux questions de réflexion. N'oubliez d'écrire des phrases complètes ainsi que d'ajouter des détails afin de soutenir tes idées. Questions de réflexion

1. Selon ce que tu as appris dans la vidéo que veux dire l'autodiscipline ?
2. Quels sont des exemples d'habitudes négatives qui nuis à votre motivation? Est-ce que tu as des habitudes nuisibles à votre autodiscipline?
3. Quels habitudes positives peux-tu entreprendre afin de cultiver une attitude d'autodiscipline ?
4. Que penses-tu que la phrase suivante signifie « La discipline pèse des grammes et le regret pèse des tonnes. »

Activity d'écriture - Se fixer des objectifs!

Utilisez le graphique nommé, *Mon objectif - Ma feuille route*. afin de planifier comment vous allez atteindre un de vos objectifs. N'oubliez pas de détaillés vos réponses. Le plus claire votre plan, le plus claire sera vos résultats. Vous pouvez avoir accès a ce document en appuyant sur le lien suivant :

https://www.edu.gov.mb.ca/m12/frpub/parents/avenir-p/docs/mon_objectif.pdf

Math

Mental Math Activities

We thought we would change the pace for the mental math activities this week and provide a challenge. Give this a try and next week we will post our answers on the FMS Home and School Facebook page 😊

Converting a Fraction to a Decimal

Directions: Using the digits 1 to 9, at most one time each, place a digit in each box to make a true statement.

$$\frac{\square}{\square \square} = 0.\square$$

Hint – how does choosing the digits for the denominator affect the decimal value? How might choosing the digit for the decimal make finding the digits for the fraction easier?

Unit Price Activity

- Sometimes we think that buying in bulk (like at Costco) is cheaper than buying local. In order to really know if we are getting the best deal, we need to determine the unit price of the item that we are buying.
- We also need to consider the cost of driving to the store (gas), the value of our time and shipping cost, if buying online.

For example: You can buy 12 rolls of toilet paper at Super Store on sale for \$5.99. The cost of 30 double rolls at Costco is \$20.99. Remember that a double roll, means twice the size of a regular roll so 30 double rolls would be the same as 60 regular rolls. Let's figure out the cost for one regular roll.

Super Store: 12 rolls for \$5.99, which we will round to \$6. \$6 divided by 12 is \$0.50 per roll.

Costco: 60 rolls for \$20.99, which we will round to \$21. \$21 divided by 60 is \$0.35 per roll.

In this example, Costco has the better deal but we need to remember that to get to Costco, we have a longer drive so unless we are saving money on quite a few products at Costco, we may not end up saving money after we buy gas.

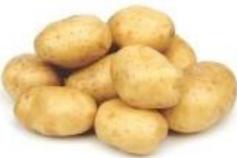
Below you will find two activities to try; Unit Price/Better Buys, and What's the Best Deal. Give these a try to find out what the best value is!

Unit Price/Better Buys Activity

| | | | |
|--|---|--|---|
| Which is the better buy? What's its unit price? | | | |
| 2 hamburgers for \$8 or 5 hamburgers for \$24 |  | 15 jackets for \$450 or 25 jackets for \$625 | 3 pillows for \$75 or 9 pillows for \$270 |
| 3 toy trains for \$75 or 7 toy trains for \$140 | 5 cups for \$5 or 15 cups of salt for \$30 | 2 chairs for \$130 or 9 chairs for \$630 | 12 speaker sets for \$300 or 5 speakers sets for \$150 |
| 12 apple pies for \$60 or 60 apple pies for \$240 | 20 comic books for \$100 or 12 comic books for \$48 | 4 computers for \$1,600 or 10 computers for \$5,000 | 20 dolls for \$120 or 15 dolls for \$75 |

What's the Best Deal Activity

Answer the questions and compare the 2 answers to find the best deals.

| | | |
|----|---|--|
| 1. | <p>POTATOES: 9.5 kg. bag cost \$7.99. What is the cost per kg.?</p>  | <p>POTATOES: 100 grams cost \$.12. What would 9.5 kg. cost?</p>  |
| 2. | <p>SHOW TIME: A book of 12 movie tickets cost \$99.98. What is the cost per ticket?</p>  | <p>SHOW TIME: A single movie pass costs \$11.99. Every time you buy 5 tickets, you get one free. What is the cost per ticket if you go 12 times?</p>  |
| 3. | <p>POP: A 2-litre bottle of pop costs \$1.79. What is the cost for 250 ml?</p>  | <p>POP: Six cans of pop cost \$2.99. Each can holds 250 ml. What is the cost per can?</p>  |
| 4. | <p>CELL PHONE: Plan A costs \$39.95 a month with a limit of 300 minutes per month. What is the cost per minute if you use the full 300 min.?</p>  | <p>CELL PHONE: Plan B costs \$.10 per minute for the first 200 minutes and \$.15 for every minute over the 200 min. limit. If you talk 300 minutes per month, what does this plan cost?</p>  |

Basic Facts

We really want our Falcons to practice their basic facts. With this extra time on your hands you have the perfect opportunity to learn those multiplication tables!

Continue this strategy from last week, choose 3-4 lesser known multiplication math facts to work on by creating multiple card copies. Start with the smallest ones that give you trouble and get those under control. You can do it!

Give this "Tic-Tac-Toe" game a try. After, create your own.

Tic Tac Toe

Mixed Multiplication Set

a game for 2 players

Need: counters in 2 different colors or symbol cards

Take turns to answer a multiplication fact. If you are correct cover the square with a symbol card or counter in your color. The first player to make 4 in a row vertically, horizontally or diagonally, is the winner.

Try the Variation: The winner is the first player to make a square of 4 small squares



| | | | |
|---------------|---------------|--------------|---------------|
| 6×9 | 2×10 | 5×6 | 8×5 |
| 7×3 | 9×4 | 4×6 | 7×10 |
| 5×4 | 7×9 | 4×9 | 8×7 |
| 10×4 | 8×3 | 9×8 | 5×8 |



Grade 7- Supplementary Math Activities

Supplementary Activity 1: Robot Roundup

Work on your own.

- Imagine that you are in charge of a robot factory.
Each robot needs 2 arms, 2 wheels, and a box-shaped body.
- Both arms must be the same colour. Both wheels must be the same colour.
- For each component, you have the colour choices shown below.
 - Arms: yellow or blue
 - Wheels: green or purple
 - Body: red or black or grey
- Instructions:
 - Use a tree diagram or a table to find how many different robots you can make.
 - If you picked the components without looking, what is the probability you would create a grey robot with blue arms and purple wheels?

Take It Further

Add another component (for example, a control panel in gold or silver) and work out how many different robots can now be produced.

Supplementary Activity 2: The Conversion Game

Play in groups of 2, 3, or 4. You will need a deck of cards with the face cards removed, and a calculator.

How to Play:

- Decide who will go first.
Player A draws 2 cards from the deck.
Use the numbers drawn to make a proper fraction. An ace counts as 1.
For example, if the numbers are 4 and 7, the fraction is $4/7$.
- Think of this fraction as a probability.
Player A writes her fraction as a ratio and as a percent.
She records these numbers in this table.

| TURN | FRACTION | RATIO | PERCENT |
|------|----------|-------|---------|
| 1 | | | |
| 2 | | | |
| 3 | | | |
| 4 | | | |
| 5 | | | |

- Players check each other's answers.
Each time, the cards are returned to the bottom of the deck.
- Players take turns until each player has had 5 turns.
Players find the mean of their percents.
The player with the greater mean wins.

Take It Further

Think of an experiment for which an event occurs with each probability formed.

Science

Heterogeneous & Homogeneous Mixtures

A *mixture* is a substance made by combining of 2 or more substances.

A *heterogeneous mixture* is a mixture that consists of components that are not evenly distributed. Different components can be observed and usually mechanically separated. An example is pizza. You can see the different topping and pick them off/apart.

A *homogenous mixture* is a mixture that consist of uniformly distributed components that cannot be individually observed or mechanically separated. An example is Salt water. You can't pick the salt grains out of the water once they have dissolved.

Differences between Homogeneous and Heterogeneous Mixtures:

Homogeneous mixture

It has a uniform composition

It has only one phase

It can't be separated out physically

'homo' means the same

Example: Kool-aid

Heterogeneous mixture

It has a non-uniform composition

There are two or more phases

It can be separated out physically

'hetero' means different

Example: Chocolate Chip Cookies

Video: <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=el-tmv4DLEk>, watch from 0-2mins

1. Cupboard Explorations:

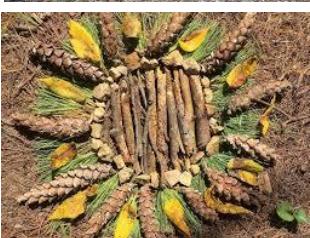
- Explore your cupboards and identify 20 different foods as homogenous or heterogenous mixtures.
- Record your finding in chart, like the one shown here.
- Did you find more homogenous or heterogenous mixtures?

2. Recipe Investigations:

- Pick three of your favorite recipes.
- Identify the final product is a homogenous or heterogenous mixture. Explain your reasoning.
- CHALLENGE: Go through the directions of one of your chosen recipes and determine if the mixture after each step is homogenous or heterogenous. You may want to make the recipe to help you decide.

Nature Art

This week for your **Nature Journal** you are going to consider creating and writing about art that you create while you are on your nature walks. The inspiration, artist Andy Goldsworthy. Andy is a world-famous British artist who uses materials from nature to create his works of art. The funny thing is that much of his art is never seen! Many of his works of art are 'ephemeral' – which means they last only a short time. Andy's masterpieces are left in nature, where they are reclaimed by natural forces such as the wind, heat from the sun, animals, ocean waves, and so on. Although many other examples can be found online, here are a few of Andy Goldsworthy's examples to inspire you:



It's your turn! Here is how to try your own "Nature Art"

Spring is such an interesting time to venture into the forest. During your next nature walk, use some of the natural objects you see to create your own work of natural art. Keep in mind:

See what natural materials you find as you wander on your way.

Look at the colors and shapes of nature. Study patterns and designs.

Touch different materials. Compare their texture, weight, and size.

Imagine the landscape at another time of day, during another season. What parts of this landscape will change over time?

When you create your work of art, **take a photo** because nature will start to reclaim what you have done. You may want to take several photos to show how nature affects your work of art over time. Keep a record of what you have done in your nature journal this week. If you are able to print off the photos and include them in your journal that is great too! Have fun with this activity that allows you get outside, enjoy nature & fresh air – plus you get to be creative.

Social Studies

Home Economics Assignment

In this week's social studies activity, you will be learning the important skills of planning meals and purchasing your ingredients (groceries) all within a budget. You will:

- * Create a menu plan for a family of four for a week.
- * Create a grocery list, with prices, for this menu plan.
- * Stick to a \$150 grocery budget for the week.

Details:

- Family of 4, you choose the age of the children.
- Include recipes, when needed (Ex- pumpkin chocolate chip muffins require a recipe, toast does not.)
- You may have 12 "freebie" items that you can pretend are already in the house. All spices are "freebie."
- You must only purchase 3 cleaning products/toiletries.
- You can use online, or paper, store flyers or create an online grocery cart to find prices. You can use cookbooks or recipes online to find recipes.
- You may use the planners below to help you, if you wish.

Weekly Meal Plan

AND GROCERY SHOPPING LIST

Grocery Shopping List



abccreativelearning.com

Groceries Needed:

| Item | Price | Item | Price | Item | Price |
|------|-------|------|-------|------|-------|
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Total for all groceries:

A Weekly Menu Plan

| Day | Breakfast (Morning) | Lunch | Dinner | Snacks |
|-----------|------------------------|-------|--------|--------|
| Sunday | | | | |
| Monday | | | | |
| Tuesday | | | | |
| Wednesday | | | | |
| Thursday | | | | |
| Friday | | | | |
| Saturday | | | | |

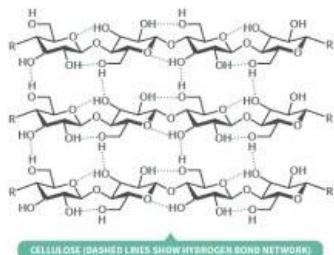
Other Activities/Links

THE CHEMISTRY OF IRONING

What makes your clothes come out of the wash looking all creased? Here's a look at the chemical reasons, and some chemical solutions!

CREASES, CELLULOSE, & IRONING

Plant-based fabrics are predominantly made of the natural polymer cellulose. The cellulose chains in the fabric have a network of hydrogen bonds between them that helps to hold them all together.

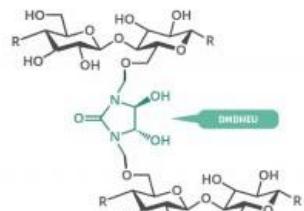


When you wash clothes water breaks up the hydrogen bond network, and cellulose chains slide over each other. When the clothes dry the hydrogen bond network reforms, holding the fabric in its wrinkled state. The heat, moisture, and pressure of an iron breaks up this network and forces the cellulose chains to lie straight, flattening the fabric.



ANTI-CREASE FABRICS

Chemists have come up with ways of producing fabrics that avoid post-wash creasing problems. In the past urea-formaldehyde resins were added to fabrics to form cross-links between polymer chains, holding them in place and preventing creasing.



In many of today's garments, a cross-linker called dimethyl dihydroxyethylene urea (DMDOHEU) is used. This forms covalent bonds between cellulose chains that lock them in place, preventing creasing. However, as it can break down over time and release low levels of formaldehyde, chemists are still looking at developing better formaldehyde-free cross-linkers.



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THE RIGHT WAY TO IRON A DRESS SHIRT



1. PREPARATION

Read the shirt's label to know what fabric it's made of. Cotton and cotton blends can withstand high temperatures, but polyester shirts need less heat. Make sure the shirt is moist but not wet.



2. COLLAR

Pop the collar up and press the iron from one spot of the underside to the next. Then flip the shirt over and repeat on the outside of the collar.



3. FRONT

Start ironing on the side with the buttons. Use the iron point to go right up to the buttons without going over top of them. Focus on the shoulder and collar areas.



4. CUFFS

Unbutton the cuffs and iron the inside first, then the outside, and lastly around the buttons. Make sure not to iron on top of them. Focus on the shoulder and collar areas.



5. BACK

Position one of the sleeve heads into the square edge of the ironing board. This way you can iron half of the back and only have to slide it over to complete the rest.



6. SLEEVES

Make sure the sleeves are flat and smooth. Start at the top and iron down to the cuff. If you don't have a sleeve board you can use a rolled-up towel inside the sleeve to avoid creases.

IRONING ON THE GO:



Mix a starch spray by dissolving 1 tablespoon cornstarch in 2 cups water; put the mix in a spray bottle.



You can use a lightly colored towel as an ironing-board pad. Roll it up and stick it inside your shirt sleeves for a makeshift sleeve-board.

Invest in a lightweight, heat-efficient travel iron.

Khan Academy <https://www.khanacademy.org/>,
also in FRENCH <https://fr.khanacademy.org/>

(This is an excellent resource for mathematics, as well as higher level sciences. It includes free expert-created lessons with quizzes that have a 'game' format where you can earn points.)

Interested in science? Check out

<https://www.nasa.gov/nasa-at-home-for-kids-and-families>

Check out the **Florenceville Middle Home and School Facebook page** for weekly challenges to get our Falcons interacting! Also, find daily science, technology, engineering and math challenges at the **Brilliant Labs Facebook Page**

FREE book in English and French, both e-book and audiobooks! Go to <https://Soraapp.com>, type **NB** in the "find my school" field, then select "New Brunswick Department of Education and Childhood Development." Use your school username and password to sign in!

FMS Learning Opportunities for the week of May 11-15, 2020

| Monday | Tuesday | Wednesday | Thursday | Friday |
|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|
| ✓ Read 30 minutes |
| ✓ Physical Activity |
| ✓ Math Facts |
| ✓ Mental Math |
| ✓ Daily Writing |
| ✓ Nature Journal |

Weekly Activities

| Grade 6 | Grade 7 | Grade 8 |
|--|--|--|
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ English Reading & Writing <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Article: <i>What to Do When You've Blown It</i> Article: <i>The High Cost of Transportation</i> Tic-tac-toe Book Activity Procedural Writing Activity ✓ French Reading & Writing <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Article: <i>Comment devenir plus discipliné</i> Video : <i>Le pouvoir de s'autodiscipline</i> Activity d'écriture : Mon objectif - Ma feuille route ✓ Unit Price/Better Buys ✓ What's the Best Deal? ✓ Pasta Spill ✓ Mystery Dot-to-Dot ✓ Multiplication Tic-Tac-Toe ✓ Saving Electricity ✓ Nature Art ✓ Home Economics – Menu & Grocery Planning | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ English Reading & Writing <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Article: <i>Teens can Dress for Success</i> Article: <i>The High Cost of Transportation</i> Tic-tac-toe Book Activity Procedural Writing Activity ✓ French Reading & Writing <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Article: <i>Comment se fixer des objectifs</i> Video : <i>Le pouvoir de s'autodiscipline</i> Activity d'écriture : Mon objectif - Ma feuille route ✓ Unit Price/Better Buys ✓ What's the Best Deal? ✓ Robot Roundup ✓ The Conversion Game ✓ Multiplication Tic-Tac-Toe ✓ Heterogeneous & Homogeneous Mixtures ✓ Nature Art ✓ Home Economics – Menu & Grocery Planning | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ English Reading & Writing <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Article: <i>Beginning the Job Hunt</i> Article: <i>How to Survive the Job Interview</i> Tic-tac-toe Book Activity Procedural Writing Activity ✓ French Reading & Writing <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Article: <i>Comment organiser sa vie?</i> Video : <i>Le pouvoir de s'autodiscipline</i> Activity d'écriture : Mon objectif - Ma feuille route ✓ Unit Price/Better Buys ✓ What's the Best Deal? ✓ Reciprocal Concentration ✓ Fraction 50 ✓ Multiplication Tic Tac toe ✓ See Without Being Seen Challenge ✓ Nature Art ✓ Home Economics – Menu & Grocery Planning |

Other Activities

| |
|---|
| ✓ |
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